CIEE in Mérida, Mexico

Course name: Mayan History, Culture and the Environment
Course number: ENVI 2101 MEME
Programs offering course: Science and Society - Merida
Language of instruction: English
U.S. Semester Credits: 3
Contact Hours: 45
Term: Fall 2019

Course Description
The Yucatan is home to the ancient and modern Mayan culture. Students will explore Mayan culture and ecology and how Mayans adapted to their tropical and subtropical forest environments. Further, they will link ancient Mayan culture and agricultural practices to a still little-understood past involving environmental change and ultimately, cultural and demographic collapse. Specifically, students will examine: How Mayan pioneering, establishment and natural resource use impacts the present environment, wildlands protection and biodiversity conservation. What past and current role does biodiversity play in traditional Mayan agriculture and subsistence? How sustainable is present-day Maya farming? What are the impacts of colonialism, tourism and other patterns of cultural and economic exchange? The intellectual disciplines that students will draw on to examine these questions include ecology, anthropology, archaeology, ethnobotany, and environmental studies.

Learning Objectives

Upon completion of this course, students will:

- View history and culture through an environmental and scientific lens, critically examining how history, culture, technology and the environment are inexorably linked
- Explore how the environment is defined by abiotic factors and geological history
- Analyze the environmental conditions that allowed the Mayan civilization to grow in the Yucatán and spread throughout Mesoamerica
- Evaluate Mayan science and technological innovations that allowed Mayans to manipulate and exploit their natural habitat
- Consider how Mayan culture was shaped by the environment and whether it led to stewardship or over-exploitation
- Interpret the theory that the Mayan civilization collapsed from climate change and poor use of natural resources
• Relate historical lessons to contemporary Mayan culture and its relationship with the environment

**Course Prerequisites**
None

**Methods of Instruction**
This course is taught through the use of lectures (CIEE instructors and guest speakers), discussions, activities, interviews, readings, and an internet based research project. There are co-curricular visits to local research centers and field sites. CIEE-led lectures, readings, workshops and guided internet and computer research with discussions supply foundational information, concepts, and terminology, and help students make necessary connections. Guest lectures and interviews with environmental researchers and professionals offer unusual opportunities to learn about “on-the-ground” links between Mayan history, culture and environment.

**Assessment and Final Grade**

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<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>Weight</th>
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<tr>
<td>Attendance and class participation</td>
<td>20%</td>
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<tr>
<td>Workshops</td>
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<tr>
<td>Weekly Quizzes</td>
<td>20%</td>
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<tr>
<td>Problem Sets</td>
<td>10%</td>
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<tr>
<td>Essays on Speakers/Site Visits</td>
<td>15%</td>
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<td>Final exam</td>
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**Course Requirements**

**Attendance and class participation (20%)**
Attendance is noted for each lecture, discussion session, and activity. As the 6-week session proceeds, students earn points for thoughtful commentary, questions, and participation in discussions and for attendance.

**Workshops (20%)**
Students will undertake a series of internet-based projects linking Mayan history, culture and the environment in novel and innovative ways. Evaluation will be based on (1) quality of data collection and analysis; (2) individual written reports of 1500 words (3) oral presentations (Powerpoint) for an audience of environmental science or environmental studies peers.

**Weekly Quizzes (15%)** At the end of each week, students will complete a quiz covering content from that week. There will be three quizzes in total. Quizzes will include True/False, multiple choice, fill in the blank, short and long answer formats.

**Problem Sets (10%)**
Each week, students will complete a set of questions or address problems associated each topic. These may be related to history, culture or the environment and how they interact.

**Essays on Speakers/Site Visits (30%)**
Students will write critical essays addressing topics from invited speakers and site visits. These essays will summarize major elements of the talk or visit, fully explain the environmental history or culture behind it, and extend learning outcomes by further researching associated earth science, environmental challenges and suggested solutions.

**Final Exam (20%)**
Students take a comprehensive exam on basic chemical concepts, environmental chemistry of major biogeochemical processes, how these are changing and what it means to society, as well as possible solutions covered in the course.

**Attendance Policy**
Regular class attendance is required throughout the program, and all unexcused absences will result in a lower participation grade for any affected CIEE course. Due to the intensive schedules for Short Term programs, unexcused absences that constitute more than 10% of the total course will result in a written warning.

Students who transfer from one CIEE class to another during the add/drop period will not be considered absent from the first session(s) of their new class, provided they were marked present for the first session(s) of their original class. Otherwise, the absence(s) from the original class carry over to the new class and count against the grade in that class.

For CIEE classes, excessively tardy (over 15 minutes late) students must be marked absent. Attendance policies also apply to any required co-curricular class excursion or event, as well as to Internship, Service Learning, or required field placement. Students who miss class for personal travel, including unforeseen delays that arise as a result of personal travel, will be marked as absent and unexcused. No make-up or re-sit opportunity will be provided.

Attendance policies also apply to any required class excursion, with the exception that some class excursions cannot accommodate any tardiness, and students risk being marked as absent if they fail to be present at the appointed time.
Weekly Schedule

Week 1

- **Topic 1:** Introductory Concepts – Environment and its impact on Culture and History. Students will approach environmental history from several perspectives. First, how does the environment set the stage for culture and civilizations to develop? How have human activities historically depended on and responded to a dynamic natural world? Second, do attitudes toward the natural world change over time, and how have those attitudes shaped cultural, social, and political foundations? Third, how have human ideas, activities, and technologies affected the landscape, and what have been the consequences of those changes?

- **Workshop:** Research a link between environment, culture and history from different places in the world (excluding the Maya in Mesoamerica)

- **Student Presentations:** Environment, Culture and History Case Studies

- **Watch:** Sam Harris 2010. Science Can Answer Moral Questions TEDx Talk [https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Hj9oB4zpHww](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Hj9oB4zpHww)

- **Discussion (graded participation):** How environment shapes culture and history

- **Readings**

- Assigned exercises and problems

- Workshop Written Report

Week 2

- **Topic 2:** Climate and Geography of the Yucatán and Mesoamerica: Setting the Stage for the Mayan Empire. Students will use patterns of global climate to map major biomes. They will examine the unique geological history and geography of the Yucatán Peninsula, Mesoamerica, and how it explains the diversity of ecological life zones found there. They will study the Chicxulub Crater and explain its current impact on water availability. Students will examine current and historic weather data from Mérida to pinpoint periodicity of major climate forces, like wet and dry seasons, frequency of hurricanes and droughts.

- **Workshop:** Geological climate data and current weather patterns

- Discussion (graded participation): How environment sets the stage for culture and civilization

- **Site Visit**
  - Local Geology, Karst Topography, Evidence of Asteroid Impact, Cenote

- Readings


- Report on Site Visit
- Weekly Quiz 1
- Workshop Written Report

**Week 3**

- **Topic 3:** Ancient Maya and their relationship to their environment. Students investigate how the Maya went from hunter-gathers to a major empire, while interacting with their natural environment. They will consider where agriculture took place, how farms, towns and cities formed, where trade routes developed and how this impacted the environment. They will see the challenges of little rain in many parts of the Mayan Empire and how Mayans coped. They will compare different farming methods, including slash and burn, terrace and raised field farming and how local climate and geography dictated which was used. They see how farming led to considerable loss of soil and soil fertility, and how irrigation led to salinization. Students will explore plants available to Mayans and how this led to their diet and food preparation practices. They will explore how lack of livestock species meant considerable bush meat hunting and how that impacted local wildlife.

- **Workshop – How Ancient Mayans Interacted with their Environment.** Students will research and report to one another on how ancient Mayans used and cared for their environment.

- **Discussion (graded participation) –** Did the ancient Maya interact with their environment sustainably?

- **Readings**


- Assigned exercises and problems
- Weekly Quiz 2
- Essay on Site Visit
- Workshop Written Report

### Week 4

- **Topic 4: Ancient Mayan Science and Technology.** Students examine different science and technology of the Maya and how they changed Mayan culture. Students will look at medical science, as shaman, use of medicinal plants and bloodletting practices. They will examine the science behind ancient Mayan agricultural practices, like use of ground water, irrigation and selective breeding of cultivars. Students explore ancient Mayan astronomy and how it impacted agriculture, holidays, concepts of time, cosmology, religion and archeology. They will investigate Mayan chemistry and its application to daily life, including uses in art. Students will learn Mayan math, how to use and its use in the Mayan calendar, naming of children and cultural rituals. Students link technological advances and cultural advances within the ancient Maya, as well. Finally, students will explore what elements of ancient Mayan culture directed, enhanced and limited science and technological innovation.

- **Workshop:** Using online resources, students research what ancient Mayans knew about different aspects of science and technology, including Mathematics, Astronomy, Architecture, Agriculture and others. Students will prepare a Powerpoint presentation on their findings and share them with the rest of the class.

- **Guest Speaker:** Current Mayan contributions to science and technology

- **Discussion (graded participation):** How did ancient Mayan science and technology inform their culture and interactions with their environment?

- **Site Visit:** Mayan Ruin Dzibilchatlun: How Architecture Reflects Science and Culture

- **Extra Homework:** Watch The Maya: Engineering an Empire
  [https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=s151jVxpx2E](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=s151jVxpx2E)

- **Readings**

- Assigned exercises and problems
- Weekly Quiz 3
- Essay on Guest Speaker's presentation
- Workshop Written Report

**Week 5**
- **Topic 4: Environment, Culture and Collapse.** Students will see how human population growth, consumption and urbanization challenged Mayan culture. They will carefully examine evidence for and against the idea that the demise of the great Mayan civilizations were from an unsustainable relationship with the environment. Students will consider other theories for the Mayan Empire collapse, including epidemic diseases, severe drought, foreign invasion, trade route collapse or an internal cultural collapse. They will explore how lack of livestock led to susceptibility to smallpox and other viral diseases once Europeans arrived. They will then consider how centuries between the Mayan collapse and European arrivals allowed for considerable ecological renewal.
- **Workshop –** Students use online resources to investigate and evaluate theories for why the Maya went extinct. They share their findings with one another. They consider how Mayan science and culture were unable to cope. Students also investigate the impact of European disease on Mayans during the colonial period.
- **Discussion (graded participation) –** Did the ancient Maya use their environment sustainably?
- **Homework:** Watch Apocalypto
- **Readings**
- Assigned exercises and problems
- Weekly Quiz 4
• Essay on Apocalypto: Environmental themes and accuracy of the film

Week 6
• Topic 5: Contemporary Mayan Culture and the Environment. Students explore Mayan culture and society after the European arrival and disease. They trace major historic events from the early Colonial period until now, including how the Mayan relationship with the environment has changed along the way. They explore more recent events, like the Guatemalan civil war, Mayan genocide and Mayan separation/isolation. They go on to see how much of current Mayan culture is informed by the ancient, and how modern science and technology is changing the Maya, as well as their relationship with their environment. Finally, students see how modern society can learn from Mayan traditions and practices to help build a sustainable future.
• Workshop: Students investigate the impact of European disease on Mayans during the colonial period. They will explore the biology of the diseases, their epidemiology, physiological impacts and how these diseases decimated what remained of Mayan civilization, society and culture.
• Guest Speaker: The contemporary Maya and their relationship to the Earth: religion, culture and science. Students will discuss current Mayan attitudes and their impacts on sustainability.
• Discussion (graded participation): Contemporary Mayan Culture and Environment
• Watch: Jared Diamond 2008. Why Societies Collapse. TED talk https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=IESYMFlLi5s

• Readings:

• Weekly Quiz 5
• Workshop Written Report
• Final Exam

Course Materials

Readings


