CIEE Barcelona, Spain

Course name: Spain Today: Politics & Society (in Spanish)
Course number: POLI 3002 BASP (SPAN)
Programs offering course: Barcelona Business and Culture, Barcelona Economics and Culture, Barcelona Global Architecture and Design, Barcelona Liberal Arts
Language of instruction: Spanish
U.S. Semester Credits: 3
Contact Hours: 45
Term: Fall 2019

Course Description

This course examines some of the major political, social and economic changes that took place in Spain since the end of Francisco Franco’s dictatorship in 1975 until the present day. Hence, students will study Spain from an all-inclusive perspective, mixing different disciplines and theories with the aim of understanding Spain and its major characteristics, understanding the actual situation in its historical context.

Learning Objectives

At the end of the course students will be fully prepared to understand the actual Spanish political context and to face any document written on contemporary Spain. Students will be provided with a solid background to establish comparisons to the USA and other modern countries and to understand similarities and differences.

Course Prerequisites

4 semesters of college-level Spanish (or equivalent).

Methods of Instruction

During the first half of the course, most of the sessions will consist of lectures given by the professor using a PowerPoint. This dynamic will change after the midterm exam. One movie will be watched, and students will use the contents of the film to hold a discussion on the ideas expressed in the movie. Two sessions will be spent reading academic articles and discussing the different ways in which the authors understood the same topics and the same changes. Students will write a paper on the reading. Students will also have to give a presentation on a document assigned by the professor at the beginning of the course. The presentation will not be longer than 20 minutes and the students can use PowerPoint, Prezi or equivalent.

Assessment and Final Grade

Final grade will be the result of an average of the following components:
Course Requirements

**Midterm Exam (25%)**
This exam evaluates the first half of the semester in which students were exposed to the basic elements of the semester as well as they will be instructed in some of the major topics of the subject. Hence, this exam will be based on both, class notes and the handout provided by the professor during the first weeks of the semester (available in digital format). Forty multiple-choice questions will be provided with five optional answers each (a, b, c, d, e), being only one of them the right answer.

Besides, there will be two questions to be answered in a limited space (5-7 lines) by the student. The two questions will be based on the readings (used as manual) assigned and provided by the professor.

Rules for the Exams (both midterm and final)
- No class notes allowed during exams.
- If students are caught cheating, the grade given for the semester will be 0.
- Answer the exams using pens, not pencils.
- Students will have 50 minutes per exam.
- The group will be divided into two groups to take exams.

**Final Exam (25%)**
The final exam will consist of 6 brief questions. Four of them will be based upon the books and the readings used in class, representing each one of these questions a 5%. Two other question will be based upon the movies watched in class, representing each one of these questions 2.5%.
The answers must be given in the space provided by the professor. None of the questions will represent more than half a page, the ideal space will be 4 or 5 lines each.

**Reading Analysis (20%)**
During the semester two documentaries will be watch and discussed in class. As well as the documentaries four days will be spent discussing readings that students will read at home and focus specially on the questions provided by the professor before the reading or movie. During the first three weeks of the semester students will sign up for one of the readings or documentaries and they will be responsible for the questions asked that day. In group of five, the students will have to work on the specific material and be able to answer any of the five questions asked by the professor.

The session will be structured around the questions. The professor will ask one question to each of the students using an aleatory mechanism, so all the members should be able to answer any of the questions. This answer will be the source of information to study for the final exam. All the other
students, the ones who are not members of the group, should read all the texts since the sessions will be structured around the ideas and the main topics exposed in the text or movie. Showing respect to the work of others is a key feature in these sessions. If students who are not answering any of the questions show any disrespect towards the work of others or don’t pay proper attention to the discussion will be penalized in the Participation section.

**Documentary (10%)**
Two documentaries will be watched in class during the semester. Once the documentaries are watched and discussed, students will be asked to answer two questions to evaluate the attention and interest paid during this activity. Each activity will be worth 5%. The questions asked about the documentaries will also be relevant for the midterm or final exam.

**Final Activity (5%)**
The last day of class there will be an activity based upon a movie or short reading. The student will have to answer a couple of questions in order to have this final 5%.

**Class participation (15%)**
In some sessions, attendance and participation is required. For example, the evaluation days with tests or the final exam are mandatory for obvious reasons, but also the sessions based upon readings or documentaries. These sessions will offer the chance to students to participate in debates and discussions, so attendance is basic to get a grade.
In addition to that, it is crucial for students to respect their classmates work, so it’ll be of special importance to properly behave during the group sessions and to participate in the debate derived from those presentations.
Then, it is of an utmost importance to participate and cooperate in the development of the “managed sessions”. Specially for those students assigned leadership among the audience.
Every time that a student is caught doing one of the following activities this grade will be reduced in 3 points:
- Drinking coffee or tea in class
- Using the phone, tablet or computer
- Falling asleep
- Arriving late or leaving early
- Making the learning process complicated for other students

It is totally forbidden to take pictures in class. All the slides will be posted online but also, we must respect the privacy of both, the professor and the students.

**CIEE Barcelona Attendance Policy**
Students are expected to attend all scheduled class sessions on time and be prepared for the day’s class activities. CIEE does not distinguish between justified or unjustified absences, whether due to sickness, personal emergency, inevitable transportation delay and/or other impediments. You are considered responsible of managing your own absences. Please keep in mind that exams, paper submission dates, presentations and any other course work deadlines cannot be changed.

No academic penalty will be applied if students miss up to 3 class sessions. If students miss up to 5 class
sessions, students’ final course grade will drop 5 points out of 100 on the CIEE grade scale for each additional absence beyond 3 (for example a 95 will become a 90 if they reach the 4th absence, and an 85 if they reach the 5th absence). Students will automatically fail the course if they miss more than 20% of total class hours (i.e. if they exceed 5 absences).

For students who miss up to 20% of the total course hours due to extenuating circumstances, the Academic Director may allow for exceptions to the local attendance policy based on documentation such as proof of bereavement, religious observances, hospitalization etc.

Students arriving more than 10 minutes late to the class will be considered absent for a day.

Weekly Schedule

**Week 1**


1.2 Spanish Geography
Introduction to Spanish Geography and Peoples

**Week 2**

2.1 20th century Spain
The goal of this session is to expose how the lack of civic culture in Spain traditionally divided the country in two confrontational blocks.

2.2 The Transition and the Democratic Institutions
Monarchy, Two Chambers, Autonomies, President or Prime Minister, Courts of Justice... These are some of the newly created institutions that shaped the Spanish Democracy since 1975.

**Week 3**

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Monarchy, Two Chambers, Autonomies, President or Prime Minister, Courts of Justice... These are some of the newly created institutions that shaped the Spanish Democracy since 1975.

3.2 Political Parties and Media in Spain (1978-2007)
The Spanish political system is built around two main political parties but since 2011 two new parties are arising and the balance of power in Spain is shifting. Ministerio de la Presidencia. *España hoy 2014*. Madrid. 2015. [Pp.122-131]
Week 4

4.1 Political Parties and Media in Spain (2007-today)
The Spanish political system is built around two main political parties but since 2011 two new parties are arising and the balance of power in Spain is shifting. Ministerio de la Presidencia. España hoy 2014. Madrid. 2015. [Pp.122-131]

4.2 Political Parties and Media in Catalonia and the Basque Country (1931-today)
The role played by Basque and Catalan Nationalists in Madrid is of great importance to swing governments in Spain. We will study the importance of these parties and the place they occupy in the political spectrum. Ministerio de la Presidencia. España hoy 2014. Madrid. 2015. [Pp.66-72]

Week 5

5.1 Political Parties and Media in Catalonia and the Basque Country (1931-today)
The role played by Basque and Catalan Nationalists in Madrid is of great importance to swing governments in Spain. We will study the importance of these parties and the place they occupy in the political spectrum. Ministerio de la Presidencia. España hoy 2014. Madrid. 2015. [Pp.66-72]

5.2 Adolfo Suárez, 1977-1981
This is one of the architects of the Spanish democratic system and studying him will shed some light on the construction of the pros and the cons of the Spanish political System today. CIDOB. Adolfo Suárez González. 2017. [pp.1-9] [https://www.cidob.org/biografias_lideres_politicos/europa/espana/adolfo_suarez_gonzalez] Students will be explaining the text and the professor guiding.

Week 6

6.1 Adolfo Suárez, 1977-1981
This is one of the architects of the Spanish democratic system and studying him will shed some light on the construction of the pros and the cons of the Spanish political System today. CIDOB. Adolfo Suárez González. 2017. [pp.10-18] [https://www.cidob.org/biografias_lideres_politicos/europa/espana/adolfo_suarez_gonzalez] Students will be explaining the text and the professor guiding.

6.2 MIDTERM EXAM

Week 7

7.1 DOCUMENTARY
Steal from a Thief
7.2 DOCUMENTARY AND TEST
Steal from a Thief
Questionnaire at the end of the Session.

Week 8
8.1 Felipe González Márquez, 1982-1996
After over 40 years of conservative governments the Socialists took office to modernize Spain.
[https://www.cidob.org/biografias_lideres_politicos/europa/espana/felipe_gonzalez_marquez]
Students will be explaining the text and the professor guiding.

8.2 Felipe González Márquez, 1982-1996
Corruption posed an enormous threat to the Socialists image since many cases began to be aired.
CIDOB. *Felipe González*. 2018. [pp. 15-28]
[https://www.cidob.org/biografias_lideres_politicos/europa/espana/felipe_gonzalez_marquez]
Students will be explaining the text and the professor guiding.

Week 9
9.1 José María Aznar, 1996-2004
The newly reformed conservatives won the elections in 1996 with a hung parliament and the need for Nationalist support softened some of the policies of the PP.
CIDOB. *José María Aznar*. 2017. [pp.1-13]
[https://www.cidob.org/biografias_lideres_politicos/europa/espana/jose_maria_aznar_lopez]
Students will be explaining the text and the professor guiding.

9.2 José María Aznar, 1996-2004
The Absolute Majority in the year 2000 radicalized some of the policies of the PP. Besides, the policies towards George Bush since the year 2002 polarized the Spanish public opinion.
CIDOB. *José María Aznar*. 2017. [pp.13-25]
[https://www.cidob.org/biografias_lideres_politicos/europa/espana/jose_maria_aznar_lopez]
Students will be explaining the text and the professor guiding.

Week 10
10.1 José Luis Rodríguez Zapatero, 2004-2011
This socialist leader called himself a Republican and tried to lead a second transition with uneven results.
CIDOB. *José Luis Rodríguez Zapatero*. 2017 [pp. 1-15]
[https://www.cidob.org/biografias_lideres_politicos/europa/espana/jose_luis_rodrig...
José Luis Rodríguez Zapatero, 2004-2011

The Collapse of Zapatero’s presidency came with the economic crisis and the poor management made by his party.

CIDOB. José Luis Rodríguez Zapatero. 2017 [pp. 15-29]
[https://www.cidob.org/biografias_lideres_politicos/europa/espana/jose_luis_rodriguez_zapatero]

Students will be explaining the text and the professor guiding.

Week 11

11.1 Mariano Rajoy, 2011-2018

Rajoy won the elections promising to reduce unemployment and to bring back prosperity. The Catalan Question derailed provoking the worst constitutional crisis since 1978.

CIDOB. Mariano Rajoy Brey. [pp. 1-22]
[https://www.cidob.org/biografias_lideres_politicos/europa/espana/mariano_rajoy_brey]

Students will be explaining the text and the professor guiding.

Week 12

12.1 DOCUMENTARY

El lobo

Questionnaire at the end of the Session.

12.2 FINAL EXAM

Week 13

13.1 FINAL ACTIVITY

Activity to close the semester based upon a short movie

Course Materials

Readings

Barrio, Astrid. Convergència i Unió, del nacionalismo moderado al secesionismo: cambio de posición de los partidos nacionalistas y sistema de gobierno multinivel. WP núm. 330. Institut de Ciències